Mr. Balfour appears in Sfr John Tenniel's cartoon in "Punch" this week as a melancholy bridegroom, peering over the bride's shoulder and whispering: "What! Is she tired of me already?" The bride, symbolizing the fickle majority, has turned away from him, and is deep in a novel. The cartoon hardly does the situation justice; there has been a tiff, but the honeymoon has not waned. Mr. Balfour is now getting on fairly well, and the majority are following him faithfully. The Land bill has gone to the House of Lords, where there is no prospect that the andlords will venture to defeat it. The session is drawing to a close, with little legislation, as the result of misdirected and faint-hearted leadership, but with an accumulated stock of political experience, which ought to enable Mr. Balfour to do better next year.

The scenes at the International Socialist Workers and Trades-Union Congress have been disorderly, and there has been more wrangling than business. Keir Hardie has been the most active English delegate, but many of the most prominent Socialists and Anarchists of the Con tinent have been present. After three days of nebulous debate the Congress got down to actual work, listening to reports from various countries and passing resolutions of all kinds. The co gress has resolved that it is the duty of Socialists to rescue the agricultural laborers, but has not made it clear how the work of mercy is to be done. The political commission has denounced colonial extension as only another name for the extension "of the area of capitalist exploitation in the exclusive interest of capitalists," but this will hardly interrupt the expansion of the Greater England. Delegates are not coughed or shouted down, but pulled back by force into their seats when they talk too

The continued sultry weather is driving people out of London and rapidly emptying the West End. To-day there is a popular exodus, Monday being Bank Holiday, and an immense throng of clerks and working people are taking advantage of the three days' outing. The regatta season will be at its height next week, with Royal Squadron under sail at Cowes. Outdoor sport multiplies attractions in all direc-There will be three days of racing at Brighton, water fêtes on the Thames, regattas up and down the coast, lawn tennis tourna ments, cycling meetings, golf matches and cricket without end. The London theatres cannot compete with all these varied forms of outdoor recreation, although the musical comedies conways full, even on the hottest nights. Daly's company gives the only high-class performance, and it delights all who witness it. Dramatic for Miss Ada Rehan, who is pronounced the st charming actress who ever favors London with a revelation of a real comedy style. n Crutches" has been produced this week without a single weak member in the cast and is nighly commended as a droll and mirth-provoking comedy, with excellent situations and by-

Next week there will be a Chinese town show Lt Hung Chang, arriving at Portsmouth to-morae to London by special train, and ted in the Oneen's State carriage to Lord Lonsdale's house, in Carlton House Terere he and his suite will be entertained Several staff officers have been detailed to serve as equerries to the Viceroy and order his goings pleasures. The Queen will receive him at Windsor and Osborne House; the fleet off Spithead will manoeuvre for his benefit; the deckyards will be exhibited, public banquets served and a garden party given for him at Hatfield by Lord Salisbury.

Lord Russell of Killowen will be accompanied by Lady Russell and Miss Russell when he sails Saturday on the Umbria for New-York to attend the Saratoga meeting of the American Bar Association. His address on arbitration will not be written out, as he is a fluent speaker and not in the habit of reading his manuscript. Sir Frank Lockwood, who has the reputation of being one of the wittiest after-dinner speakers in England, will sail with him, and Lady Lockwood and Miss Lockwood will also be in the party. Mr. Montague Crackanthorpe will also go with these eminent representatives of the English bench and bar, and take with him a manuscript on "The Uses of Legal History." Mr. Henry M. Stanley has completely recovered

from his recent critical illness Sir John Millais continues his brave and hopeless struggle with his fatal malady. Mr. Gladstone's health seems better, for his family, who watch him closely, are allowing him to receive many visitors, and occasionalty make a short speech to a delegation of guests at Hawarden. He is constantly at work, reading or writing. The Duke and Duchess of Marlborough are entertaining on a large scale at Blenhelm. On Wednesday they will have a great company of guests at a lawn I. N. F.

VICTORIA WILL NOT ABDICATE. RUMORS THAT SHE INTENDS TO WITHDRAW IN FAVOR OF THE PRINCE OF WALES WITH-OUT FOUNDATION.

London, Aug. 1.-The rumor, which for some time past has been in circulation in social circles.

that the Queen was about to abdicate is entirely without foundation. THE FOX PASSES SCILLY.

HER TWO DARING OCCUPANTS HAVE ROWED ACROSS THE ATLANTIC.

London, Aug. 1.-A dispatch from the signal station on the Scilly Islands says that the rowboat Fox passed there at 11 o'clock this morning, after ssage of fifty-five days from New-York. The two occupants of the boat were well, but somewhat exhausted from the effects of their long row The masters of the Norwegian barks Sito and Eugen, both of whom spoke the Fox at sea, ex-amined the boat when they spoke her, and gave certificates that oars were the only propelling

The Fox started from New-York for Havre or June 6. The boat is 18 feet 4 inches long, and 5 feet wide, and carried provisions for sixty days. The distance from New-York to Havre is 3,250 miles. The adventurous oarsmen, who have almost suc cessfully completed their task, are George Herbo and Frank Samuelsen, of Branchport, N. J. They are the first men to cross the Atlantic in a rowt. The Fox was reported in the United Press patches of July 15 as naving been spoken by Sito, and on July 24 by the Eugen.

## Tom Reed

Says "A sick man had better take medicine, but he had better be careful what medicine he takes." That people are careful what kind of medicine they take is proved by the enormous sales of Hood's Sarsaparilla. That this care is wise is proved by the unprecedented cures by

## Hoods Sarsaparilla

The best-in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

WIPEDOUTBY A TIDAL WAVE CRETE AND THE POWERS. SPAIN OFFERS A REWARD.

AN APPALLING DISASTER ON THE COAST | THE SCHEME TO BLOCKADE THE ISLAND | TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS READY FOR AN PROBABLY ABANDONED. OF HAI-CHAU, CHINA.

FOUR THOUSAND PEOPLE BELIEVED TO HAVE PERISHED-MANY VILLAGES AND CROPS

DESTROYED-FAMINE AWAITS THE SURVIVORS.

Shanghai, Aug. 1.-The recent disastrous tidal wave along the coast of Northern Japan has been paralleled by a similar occurrence on the coast of Hai-Chau, northeast of the Province of Kiang-Su, in which Shanghai is situated. The news of the disaster did not reach here before to-day, owing to the lack of facilities for com munication with the part of the country devas

On July 26 there suddenly appeared in the Yellow Sea a huge bank of water that was rushing shoreward with terrific velocity. The water off the coast is shallow and when the wave was some distance away it began to comb, and the roaring could be heard for a great distance.

From the stories of eye-witnesses and the reports of people in the country back from the coast the wave was five miles wide. Thousands of tons of water were thrown miles inland, and everything in its path was swept away. Many villages were entirely destroyed, and it is estimated that fully four thousand people perished All the cattle were drowned, and the rice fields were obliterated.

It is expected that the survivors will meet with a worse fate than death by drowning, for with the destruction of the ricefields famine will stare them in the face in the autumn.

Had it not been for the gradually sloping land under the water the effects of the wave would have been far more disastrous than they actu ally were. This had the effect of greatly retarding the progress of the immense mass of water, which, had it been unchecked, would have swept far inland over the comparatively lat country.
In many cases whole families were lost. There

is already much suffering among the survivors, who, miserably poor before the disaster, are now absolutely homeless and foodless. It is feared that later details will add to the number of lives lost and the extent of the dam-

SOCIALIST CONGRESS ENDS.

IT REFUSED TO MAKE NEW-YORK THE NEXT MEETING PLACE

THE NEXT CONGRESS TO BE HELD IN GERMANY OR FRANCE-COLD SHOULDER FOR ANARCH-

DELEGATES.

London, Aug. 1.-This was the last day of the International Socialist Trades Congress, and aside from an academic discussion of social questions, its as was expected, have been conspicuous by their absence It was decided to-day that the next Congress would be held in Germany in 1899. If the political difficulties in that country prethe holding of the congress there, then it would be held in Paris in 1900. It was also decided that Anarchists would not be admitted as delegates to the next congress.

Before their adjournment the delegates hurriedly dopted a number of resolutions, including one in favor of granting amnesty to political prisoners. When the question of the next congress was under discussion the American delegates proposed that New-York be selected as the place

ing. They said they would arrange to charter a steamer to convey delegates from Europe to the United States, but the proposal was rejected on account of the expense. Some of the trades-union delegates urged that future congresses chould discuss practical ques-

tions, and not ideal propositions. Many of the delegates vehemently protested against this pro-posal, especially the Frenchmen. The Anarchists, to whom admission to the congress as delegates had been denied, were in the gallery of the hall, and they signified their disapproval of the proposal by shouting "Long Live Anarchy!"

After cheering for Socialism and singing "Auld Lang Syne" and the "Marsellinise" the congress adjourned.

adjourned.

In conversation with a representative of the United Press to-day two of the American delegates, Matthew Maguire, of Paterson, who represented the New-Jersey Socialist Unions, and Lucten Sanial, of the Socialist Trade and Labor Alliance, said that the Congress had virtually reaffirmed the resolutions adopted by former Congresses, but more firmly than ever before. It had established opposition to Anarchism and the necessity of a united movement by the economic and political forces of labor. It had also virtually given notice to the old-fashloned English trades-unionists who supported the Liberals and Tories that they could not be recognized by the international labor movement unless they dropped their old ideas. That also applied to organized labor in the United States as regards the Democratic, Republican and Populist parties.

Mrs. Stetson, one of the American delegates, will probably give a series of lectures before she returns to the United States. Maguire and Sanial will probably make a visit to France. Bechtold will attend a brewers' congress in Heidelberg. Sanial and Keep are delegates to the Tailors' Congress. conversation with a representative of the

CLUNG TO WRECKAGE FOR TWO DAYS. SOME DETAILS OF THE LOSS OF tHE GERMAN WARSHIP ILTIS.

Shanghai, Aug. 1.—The eleven men who were saved from the German warship Iltis, which was wrecked during a typhoon on July 23, in the Yellow Sea, off Southwest Promontory, Province of Shantung, clung to wreckage for two days before they reached the shore. The Illis went down in shallow water. She sank stern first and her forepart remained out of water. A heavy sea was running and swept away many men who might otherwise have saved them-selves by clinging to the wreck.

STRATEGIC USE OF THE BALTIC CANAL. THE CZAR'S VISIT TO GERMANY-BERLIN SOCIAL

Berlin, Aug. 1.-Emperor William arrived at Kiel yesterday from his cruise in northern waters. His trip has benefited him, and he is enjoying fine health. He received his brother, Prince Henry of Prussia, the Prince and Princess of Oldenburg and Duke Frederick of Schleswig-Holstein. He told Prince Henry, who is an admiral, that the coming naval manoeuvres would be of unusual interest, as they were planned to test the strategic value of the Baltic Canal. Fifty-four vessels, besides transthe Baltic Canal. Fifty-four vessels, besides transports and torpedo-boats, would traverse the canal in the formation designed to meet an enemy in the Baltic. The manoeuvres will take place at the end of August, and if the evolutions are successful the fleet will return to the North Sca on September 3. The manoeuvres will be watched with strained anxiety. It is feared that the working of the locks and the depth of the water in the canal will balk the plans of the Admiralty.

The date of the Czar's visit is known only to Emperor William and the highest officials here, and the same secrecy is observed concerning his visit to Austria. Even high court officials do not know when he is coming, or if they do know, they are guarding the secret closely. The dates given by the newspapers secret closely. The dates given by the newspapers are untrustworthy. They were issued from St. Petersburg for the purpose of misleading the public. All that has been officially communicated is that the Czar and Czarlna will visit Emperor Francis Joseph for three days in August. They will afterward visit the Duke of Cumberland, at Gemunden, and their movements after that have not been decided upon. The railways in Austria over which the Czar and Czarlna will travel will be especially inspected and will be guarded throughout.

Despite the statements that have appeared in French newspapers, it is doubtful if the Czar will visit Paris. Mr. Jackson, of Newark, N. J., and his family have

left Berlin for Dresden.
William S. Carroll, the American Consul-General
at Dresden, has gone to Switzerland on a holiday.
He is accompanied by his family.

UGANDA RAILROAD BILL PASSED London, Aug. 1.-The House of Commons met at

soon to-day and passed on their third reading sev eral minor bills, including the bill for the construction of a railway from the East Coast of Africa to Uganda, the country in the interfor re-cently placed under British protection. This action is taken with the view to hastening the proroga-tion of Parliament before the grouse-shooting sea-son opens on August 12.

WILL TUPPER SUCCEED ABERDEEN? Toronto, Aug. 1 .- A special dispatch from Montreal to "The World" says: "It is said that news was received here yesterday by cable to the effect that the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain has been urging upon Premier Salisbury and the rest of his col-leagues in the English Cabinet the advisability of offering the Governor-Generalship of Canada to Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., at the expiration of the term of office of the present Governor-General. Lord Aberdeen."

HOW THE CZAR WOULD HELP KING GEORGE- IT WILL BE GIVEN TO THE MAN WHO WILL BE-ENGLAND MASSING HER SHIPS AT GIBRAL-TAR-HISTORY REPEATS ITSELF

WITH THE PORTE. London, Aug. 1 .- A Cabinet Council lasting over two hours was held yesterday, at which, it is understood, the Franco-Russian proposal to establish a blockade of the island of Crete was the subject under consideration. Subsequent to the adjournment of the Council the opinion was expressed at the Foreign Office that Lord Salis bury was opposed to the adoption of the proposal for a blockade and would reply to the sugges tions that such a course be taken by counter proposals for the granting of autonomy to the

Berlin, Aug. 1.-Following close upon the conference between Chancellor von Hohenlohe and Count Goluchowski, the Austrian Minister of Foreign Affairs, at the former's chateau at Alt Aussee, and the summoning to Rome of Count Nigra, the Italian Ambassador to Austria, comes the arrangement for a meeting between the Marquis de Rudini, the Italian Prime Minister, and Count Goluchowski. The place of this meeting is as yet unknown, but it will probably be at some place on the Italian frontier. There is no mystery attaching to all these movements. They are caused by the situation in Crete and Mace donia, in both of which places the revolt against Turkish rule has again excited the deep interest of statesmen in the Eastern question, which has long been a smouldering firebrand in the councils The official press here and in Vienna no longer

pretend that concert of the Powers exists relative to Crete. An open diplomatic split has or curred over the question of a blockade of the isiand by fleets of the combined Powers, a proposal which had its initiative in St. Petersburg. The proposal is attributed to the Czar's personal intervention, he desiring to relieve his uncle, King George of Greece, from his embarrassing position oward his subjects, who heartily support the aspirations of the Cretans to cut loose from Turkey. while at the same time maintaining the Turkish régime through the initiative of St. Petersburg. Austria took official responsibility for the proposal. Probably Emperor Francis Joseph was prompted to do this in view of the Czar's approaching visit. Germany had assented, as matter of course, and France had adhered to Russia. Combined naval action seemed assured, when Great Britain, without absolutely declin ing to be a party to the arrangement, intimated that the Powers ought first to attempt to pacify the Cretans by compelling the Porte to give its assent to reasonable demands for the betterment ondition of the Christian inhabitants

of the condition of the Christian inhabitants of Crete. The Marquis di Rudini is understood to side with the British Prime Minister in his views of the action that should be taken by the Powers. No German warship was to take part in the blockade. In view of the opposition of Great Britain it is doubtful now whether Austria will join the blockade, and an isolated France-Russian according to official opinion demonstration is, according to official opinion here, improbable. The "Neuste Nachrichten" says that British warships are assembling at Gibraltar, and that this points out that Great Britain is prepared for emergencies in the Medi-terranean, and that she, having aban lound her colley for the preservation of Turkey, is ready to seize what advantage she can from the break-

ing up of that Empire.

The "Vossische Zeitung" declares that the establishment of a blockade would mean the giving up of the Cretan Christians to the mercles of the Turks by cutting off their supplies,

of the Turks by cutting off their supplies, which enable them to defend themselves against oppression and outrage. It is a shameful spectacle, the paper adds, to see Christian Europe acting as bailiff for the Sultan, and 'handing 'a helpless people over to Turkish vengcance.

The "National Zeitung" approves of a blockade. It says it is the view of the official circle that if the Cretans desire to liberate themselves they must do so by the strength of their own arms, though it does not point out how they are to procure arms if the warships of outside Powers blockade their coast.

INDIAN TROOPS CRITICISED.

LORD WOLSELEY SEEMS TO HAVE DOUBTS AS TO THEIR ABILITY.

THE IRISH LAND BILL AND THE PEERS SOCIAL.

ISTS AND THE CURRENCY QUESTION-CABINET CHANGES IMMINENT. London, Aug. 1.-Field Marshal Lord Wolesley, 'ommander-in-Chief of the British forces, has

created a sepsation by a statement made to the Indian Military Commission on Wednesday that he would not like to put Indian troops in front of European soldiers, adding: "I should not like to fight the army of France or Germany or any other army with Indian troops." Military officers now in England who have served in India declare that there is no ground for General Lord Wolseley's remarks. The Indian troops, they declare, are an admirable fighting force, equal in every way to the soldlery of Russia or any other country. It is the consensus of opinion in military circles that the Commander-in-Chief was animated in making his statement by a feeling of jealousy toward General Lord Roberts, whose high opinion of the Indian soldiery is based upon experience. Field Marshal Lord Wolseley's action has caused indignant pro-

The Marquis of Londonderry, the Earl of Dunraven and the Earl of Winchilses took part in yesterday's debate on the Irish Land bill in the H. House of Lords, and, although consenting that the measure should go to its second reading, the three peers threatened what they would do when the bill should have reached the committee stage. Despite these threats, however, the conviction pre-vails among Ministerialists that the peers will not dare to tamper seriously with the measure.

The English Socialist leaders and their organs, in commenting on the silver agitation and the growth of Populism, deal with them as offering more of promise than of immediate fruition. Mr. Hyndnan writes that a triumph of the silverites in the Democratic Convention need not be regarded with satisfaction by the Socialists. "Currency juggles," he adds, "are only red herrings to draw the workhe adds, "are only red herrings to draw the working people off the right trail." "The Clarion," largest in circulation of the Red Flag organs, says: "If the American voter imagines that Democratic bimetallism or Republican import duties will make any difference to him, he imagines a vain thing. The bloodsuckers will get there all the same, until the people rise up to demand their own by proclaiming an out-and-out Socialist platform." "The Clarion" concludes that the issues must ere long be favorable to Socialism. By-and-by, says another Socialist paper, the workers of the United States will see that the real issues are more than free silver, free land, with free this and that.

After Mr. Chamberlain and Sir Michael Hicks-Beach simultaneously spoke up for Mr. Baifour and disowned all desire to take his place as leader in the House of Commons, there was some pause in the club and lobby criticisms of Mr. Balfour's management of the Government bills. The Conservatives concluded that Mr. Balfour might be tolerated for another session, and might improve by keeping. This week there are signs of the adverse current against his leadership setting in again. But for his relationship to Lord Salisbury and the strength of the Cecil family influence, Mr. Balfour would be obliged to seek the leisure of the upper House. There are now even within the Cariton Club yearnings and talkings over a reformed Cabinet, in which the two Balfours, Arthur and Gerald, would have no working part, and the Duke of Devonshire would have the leading rôle, with Lord Salisbury still Foreign Secretary. There are certain to be important Cabinet changes during the recess. the club and lobby criticisms of Mr. Balfour's

The leaders of the great London dock strike of 1889 are organizing another of equal magnitude. "Tom" Mann, "Be:," Tillet and J. H. Wilson, M. P., are working to get the various Thames unions to federate and strike simultaneously. It has long been publicly known that the sixpence rise, the "dockers banner," supposed to have been conceded by the dock companies, was a delusion. The dockers are really worse off than ever. Strike combination agents are actively canvassing the men at Dutch, Belgian and German ports to help the Thames strikers. The dock companies have refused all the men's demands.

AMERICAN PILGRIMS IN ROME.

Rome, Aug. 1 .- A party of sixty American pilgrims, a majority of whom were women, arrived here to-day, and a reunion was held at the American Church. At the conclusion of the services in the church the benediction was pronounced by Rector O'Connell, of the American College in Rome. To-morrow the visitors will be prescrited to the Pope.

INFORMER. TRAY A FILIBUSTERING EXPEDITION IN

SPANISH WATERS-A PROTEST

TO OLNEY. Philadelphia, Aug. 1.-The Spanish Government is determined to prevent, if possible, filibustering expeditions from leaving this country for Cuba. To guard against filibusters, Spain is offering a reward of \$10,000 for information leading to the capture within Spanish waters of a fillbustering expedition. Captain Murphy, commander of the Laurada, has received the following letter from José Congosto, the Span-

ish Consul: Consulado de España, en Philadelphia:
Ten thousand dollars will be paid by the undersizued at his office in Philadelphia, Penn., for information leading to the capture within Spanish
waters of any military or naval expedition, or of any
vessel engaged in carrying men and munitions to
the isle of Cuba, certain inhabitants of which are
now in insurrection against the Government of
Spain.

Spain.

This offer earries with it a promise of immunit from arrest or apprehension to any person or persons who shall give such information as is mentioned above, whether or not such person or person are participants in such expeditions.

Into 29, 1896.

JOSE CONGOSTO. JOSE CONGOSTO, Consul for Spain

This letter was delivered to Captain Murphy by an attache of the Spanish Consulate, who said that he had been sent by Dr. Congosto. Captain Murphy, in speaking of the letter, said:

"Only in the most kindly spirit do I say that it is an attempt to bribe me. I wish to assure him that I am not in the business of surrender ing secrets which I do not possess, and I say to him frankly if it were ten times \$10,000 he could not induce me to turn informer. I do not feel insulted by the action of the Spanish Consul, but I do believe that a man serving in his honorable capacity ought to have a higher appreciation of the patriotism of an American 200 pieces Black FRENCH HAIR CLOTH from our Paris House citizen than to attempt to purchase him for cash. Evidently he is only following out the instructions of his Government, and I am trying to carry out the orders of my employers."

Captain Murphy handed the communication to Captain W. W. Ker, counsel for the J. D. Hart Company, who will send it with a protest speaking of the offer, said:

"It is an infamous act, and an insult to American citizenship. It is a usurpation of authority on his part to declare that those who violate the neutrality laws of the United States will receive immunity if they surrender certain information, even though they be not participants in the expedition. That is a dangerous declaration for a man to make just now. Ten thousand dollars is a big inducement for some persons to steal secretly into a vessel, for instance, lying in the Philadelphia port bound for Cuba, and place munitions of war, such as dynamite, on board. This individual could inform the Spanish Government, and the vessel would be seized the moment she entered within the Cuban three-mile limit. I shall call the attention of Secretary Olney to the letter."

TWO SIDES OF A BATTLE STORY. THE "FACTS" ABOUT THE RECENT ENGAGEMENT BETWEEN SEGURA AND RABI.

Havana, Aug. 1.-Further advices of a private haracter have reached here from Santiago de Cuba of the recent engagement between a Spanish orce under command of Colone! Segura and the rebels led by Rabl. According to the Government report the troops won a victory after inflicting eavy losses on the rebels, escaping themselves with slight losses.

The details of the engagement are being sup pressed by the Government, but advices from othe sources show that the rebels were not defeated, and that a large number of the troops were killed or wounded.

GUESTS AT THE LEADING HOTELS.

Minn.
A. Jay, Kokomo, Ind.
J. Kehoe, New-York,
J. McGlynn, St. Louis,
Holmes, New-York,
T. Hedges, New-York,
W. Sage, Buffalo.

METROPOLE.

C. B. Coe, Detroit, H. E. Harris, Duluth, Minn, S. H. Campbell, Cohoes,

H Campbell, Cohoes, N. Y. G. Spotten, Troy, M. Learens, Philadelphia, P. Hayman, Highland, Tremen & wife, Boston, Robinson & wife, New-Vork

York, Mulholland, New-Haven.

Harris, New-York. Doten & wife, Chi-

lyn. H. Richards & wife, Hartford.

VENDOME.

WESTMINSTER.

MURRAY HILL.

ALREMABLE. G. B. Tod, Maritzburg J. E. Hudson, Boston.
S. Hoar, Concord, Mass.
G. Butterick, Boston.
H. Beimer & wife, Cincin-J. Newman. Wilmington,

Miss E. Keasby, Scabright, C. Miss Attken, New-York. BARRETT.
D. U. Lathrop & wife, New-

York.

H. G. Winslow, New-York.
C. H. Putnam, New-York.
J. Hain, New-York.
J. W. Boyce, New-York.
H. I. Peek, Albany.
C. J. Fins, Chicago.
F. Parker & wife, Boston.
E. Shipman, Chicago.
J. R. Lynch, Hingmamton.

BARTHOLDI. Woodruff, Hartford, P. Graves, Hartford, Jaynes & wife, Phila-

oins n. Boston.

ing & wife, Baitimore.

Howne & wife, New-H. B. Orr. New-Orleans, H. T. Hegeman, White Plains, N. T. G. O'Grady, Woodstock, Haven.
P. Graham & wife.
Philadelphia.
S. Wooddridge, New. C. X. York, Mrs. J. J. Mann, Mobile, Mrs. T. G. Springer, Chi-Alia.
The Misses A. Mann, Mobile, Alia.
BROADWAY CENTRAL.
BROADWAY CENTRAL.
NORMANDIE

G. E. Cornwall & family,
A. R. Jones & wife, Fort Hoston
H. W. Manson & wife,
Philadelphia.
E. H. Summer & wife, San
Francisco.
S. M. Morris & wife, Oswego.
L. F. Panhart & wife, Lowcil. Aless.
H. C. Duncan & wife, Indianapolis.
W. A. Ponkleday & wife,
Syracuse.
A. Gilliline & wife, AlleA. Gilliline & wife, AlleConn. Manson & wife,

Syracuse.

A. Gilliline & wife, Alle | R. W. Rollins, Hagheny.

C. Henry & family, St. | A. S. Stople, Albany.

C. Henry & family. St.
Paul.
I. Perry & wife, Pawtucket.
R. L. W. E. Mowbray & wife. W. Fuller & wife, Port W. E. Mowbray & wife, nd. Me. Vork, San Diego, M. C. Knight, Helena, Ark R. I. I. W. Fuller & wife, Port-land, Me. Mrs. J. McDonaid, Wallace, Idaho.

W. Gibson, Chicago. Shaw & wife, Philadei-

M. S. Wuitchurst, Decatur,
III.
M. P. Brown & wife, NewOrleans.
R. H. Thompson, Troy,
F. H. Lee, Erie, Penn,
J. W. Broome, Printadelphia.
J. W. Broome, Printadelphia.
J. W. Broome, Printadelphia.
J. W. Rince, Erie, Penn,
R. Rince, Erie, Penn,
R. K. Davies, Wasnington.
GRAND. GRAND.

J. F. Masterson, Albany,
H. Tremaine, brooklyn,
L. H. Hallett, Hornellaville,
R. E. James & wire, Brook-H. Hailett, Hornensville, Y. Haskell, U. S. Army. S. Heger, Washington, H. Livermore & wife, H. H. Cheney, Poughkeeps.e.

Boston.

W. Goodwin, Waterville,
W. Goodwin, Waterville,
W. Goodwin, Waterville,
D. C. Kingman, U. S.
Army
H. Raine, Atlanta,
J. R. Hastings & wife,
Washington.
V. Bauer & wife, New-York.
C. E. Burrows, Roston.
M. M. Goodkey, Spring-field, Ohe.
D. Lyon, New-York.
GRAND UNION.

GRAND UNION.

STURTEVANT.
C. E. Burrows, Roston.
M. M. McConkey, Spring-field, Ohe.
Mrs. M. Kettler, St. Louis,
G. H. Weilinger & wife,
Pittaburg.

Pittsburg.
A. Taylor & wife, Cincinnati.
P. Stanton & wife, Brook-Hall, Torrington, A nn. Hillard, Wilkesbarre, Nicholls, Philadelphia Collins, Amherst. Grath. St. Louis. Perkins, Rome, N. Y. Pulver, Torrington. E. J. Cantin, San Francisco, P. Shleids, Cincinnati, W. F. Baker & wife, Boston T. E. Latton, Virginia, E. C. Thompson, Philadel-Baldwin, Ansonia

HOFFMAN.
Schall, St. Louis.
Hartussie & wife.
L. Hood, Newark.
L. Hood, Newark.
A. Hypes, New York. Pittsburg.
Henry, Chicago.
Burness, Virginia.
A. Ronnschild, Paris.
W. Whitaker, London.
Akens, Washington.
K. Hammond, St. Louis.
Ward, New Haven.
S. Parker, Washington. J. Zavala, Boston. J. V. Glower & wife, Pitta-Miss J. L. Stone, San Fran-Mrs. F. G. Sanborn, San HOLLAND.

Francisco.
Dr. E. H. Eddy & family,
Lincoln, Neb.
P. Youn C. Chamoro, Nica-Allen, New-York, M. Rice, New-York, E. Candwell, Nashua P. Tong C. Chamoro, Nicaragua,
W. P. Anderson, Wilkesbarre, Penn.
C. J. Shoemaker, Wilkesbarre, Penn.
J. O'Boyle, Scrahton, Penn.
T. M. Espino, Saratoga,
J. F. Gutlerres, Nicaragua. Miss.
C. F. Thomas, Baltimore.
T. G. Haywood, Chicago.
Mrs. Brown, Kentucky.
E. W. Creamer, Chicago.
J. Norton, England.
W. Norton, Boston.

MACY'S

In these Dull Times a Dollar should do double duty. It will do so here. Continuation of SUMMER CLEARING SALES—EXTRAORDINARY VALUES, SPECIAL DAILY DELIVERIES, by our own wagons, on the NEW JERSEY COAST, from ANTIC HIGHLANDS to OCEAN GROVE, and in RED BANK and VICINITY. Also on long and, from ROCKAWAY PARK to Cedur hurst.

WE PAY FREIGHT CHARGES to all railroad points WITHIN 100 MILES on paid purses of \$5.00 and over.

3,000 Yards ENGLISH SERGE, 50 inches wide, ALL WOOL, in BLACK and NAVY. Weight suitable for MOUNTAIN and SEASIDE WEAR. These goods are the 80c, quality, but for the quantity named will be sold at .....

## A SHOE SPECIAL.

3,000 pairs FINE VICI KID OXFORDS, BLACK, and DARK RUSSET with tips, 1.20 and narrow toes, a good Two Dollar Shoe at.....

FRENCH UNDERWEAR. JUST RECEIVED FROM OUR HOUSE IN PARIS markable values in fine hand made imported goods, at 5 to 35 per cent less than similar goods are sold elsewhere met with embroidery. 1.99, 2.49, 3.29 to 4.24

CHEMISES. 2.49, 2.74, 3.59, 4.29 to 5.99 DRAWERS, ed with embr 2.11 2.49 2.74 to 3.99

2.49, 2.59, 3 53, 4.53 to 8.79 1.89, 2.69, 3.59, 4.56 to 10.99

CORSET COVERS, 2.59 and 2.99 1 with lace, 1.59, 1.89, 2.34 to 4.66 LININGS.

LINENS. A few more cases of FINE and HEAVY DAMASK, worth 85c. at. LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEWEST MEDIUM SMALL PATTERNS. HANDKERCHIEFS.

HANDKERCHIEFS, HEMSTITCHED, wide to Secretary of State Olney. Captain Mer. in hem, worth 25c. 3,60 access SWISS EMBROIDERED HAND-consisting of the offer, said: .14. .15. .19 and .23 SPECIAL SALE.

COFFEE. OLIVE OIL.

producer to consumer, 25 per cent less than usual producer to consumer, 25 per cent less than usual producer to CAN. FRUIT SYRUPS.

Strawberry, Red Currant, &c. Raspberry Phosphate, Orange Phosphate, Strawberry Phosphate, &c. BONED THICKEN. .37 BLANKETS.

H4 WOOL FILLING 11 4 TWO-THIRDS WOOL 11 4 EXTRA HEAVY CALIFORNIA FINISH SHIRT WAISTS mide goods sole spewers at many planty swifty (99) dozen FINE LAWN and DIALTY SWIFT WAISTS, with detached white collar, at LESS THAN HALF VALUE 49, 55, and 48 KAKAI SILK SHIFT WAISTS, with lines col-174 BLACK CHINA SILK SHIRT WAISTS, WITH BREE 249

tremely large sleeves CHANGEABLE SILK SI IRT WAISTS, with lines 4.24 SUMMER CORSETS.

COULT FLACK TAFFETA SILK SHIET WAIS'S, ex 3.49

LACES. ANCY CREAM SILR CHANTILLY and LIERRE .15 LACES, 7 inches wide, a pard.
FINE QUALITY LIERRE, PANCY CREAM SILK
CHANTILLY and ECRU NET TOP ORIENTAL 24 LACES, 10 inches wide a yard.

LACES, 10 inches wide a yard.

FRENCH VAL. TRIMMING LACES, in white and butter color, 12 yards to a piece, by the piece, butter color, 12 yards to a piece, by the piec Quality BATISTE ALL OVERS, 18 inches 140

wide, a yard IRISH POINT BUREAU SCARPS, 54 mones, open work effects all around VEILINGS.

These goods are sold in many of the sider prices. our prices. BLACK CHENILLED SPOTTED VEILINGS, et .19 IED GRIDGE wide, a yard to the K CHENILLED SPOTTED VEHINGS. 18 K CHENILLED SPOTTED VEHINGS. 18 wide, fine quality, as running of patterns.

WASH VELLS fancy bords EMBROIDERIES. FINE NAINSOOK SKIRT FLOUNCINGS open work nesigns in a variety of patterns 9 inches wide, a variety of patterns 9 inches wide, a variety of patterns 9 inches CRASS LINEN INSERTINGS one quality 3 for 5 inches wide, a vari

ART EMBROIDERIES.

TINTED STAND COVERS, fruit designs, one yard HOUSEFURNISHINGS.

## MONROE BICYCLES. HIGH GRADE WHEELS FOR

\$34.97. Made by the Kankakee Manufacturing Company, with their NAME and FULL GUARAN. Every essential the best in QUALITY, WORKMANSHIP, and LOOKS. No wheel of equal

merit has ever been offered at anywhere near so low a price.

THE MONROE WHEEL AND THE FOLLOWING OUTFIT AT OUR REGULAR PRICES
WILL COST \$40.32:— Twentieth Century Lamp, Skirt Holder, Lamp Bracket, Hand Pump, Can of Enamel, Luggage Carries, Wanted Wrench, One Pair Toe Clips, Oil Can, Chain Cleaning Brush and Screw Driver, Can of Staylit Ob. Sterling 88, Bottle 3-in-1, Divon's Graphite, One Pair Trousers Guards, Repair Kit, Tire Tare, Lock, American Cyclesius,

MAIL ORDERS for BICYCLES will receive special attention. HIGHEST GRADE BICYCLES

THE WEBSTER WHEE

\$49.66.

On BICYCLE CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, SHOES and BICYCLE SUNDRIES our qualities are

TO SPEAK HERE ON TEMPERANCE.

ARRIVAL OF MISS AGNES E. SLACK, HON-ORARY SECRETARY OF THE W. C. T. U. -THE MOVEMENT IN ENGLAND.

One of the passengers who arrived at this port

Paris, after an eventful voyage, of which a storm a school of whales and an iceberg were the features, was Miss Agnes E. Slack, honorary secretary of the World's Woman's Christian Tem perance Union and honorary secretary of the British Women's Temperance Association, Miss Slack has been prominently identified with the tem perance movement in England for some time, and comes to this country primarily upon the invita-tion of Miss Frances E. Willard to attend the annual convention of the W. C. T. U., which is to held in St. Louis in November. Previous to that time, Miss Slack will speak in many of the large cities of the country and at several of the Prohibition State conventions, including that of New-York, which is to take place in Brooklyn in October. Miss Slack's first engagement is at Chautanom on next Wednesday, which is temperance

day at that place. In addition to her temperance affiliations, Miss Slack is a member of the Women's Liberal Federation Executive Committee and of the Executive i Committee of the Central Suffrage Society. She is well known in England as a speaker on temperance and political platforms, and was the first woman and political partorms, and was the first woman to occupy the pulpit of John Wesley at City Road Chapel, London.

It is Miss Slack's opinion that, in the matter of temperance laws, the United States is much fur-ther advanced than England. At the last general



dangerous illness. It isn't safe to neglect constipation and it isn't safe to use dangerous wrenching carthartics, to overcome it, either. They leave you worse off than before. What is needed is a mild natural laxative like Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They act surely but without any violence. They regulate and strengthen the intestines to do their own work. When the "Pleasant Pellets" cure you, you are cured. You don't become a slave to their use. Take care the druggist doesn't give you something else he calls "just as good." It may be for him, but how about you?

You might learn a thousand valuable lessons about preserving your health by reading Dr.
Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, it is a grand book and the present edition is absolutely free to all who of mailing only. It contains 1008 pages and over 300 engravings. 680,000 cloth-bound copies have been sold at \$1.50 each. This free edition is in strong manilla paper covers, otherwise it is just the same. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. CHILDREN

has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS FOR THEIR CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING with perfect SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the BEST REMEDY FOR DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Twenty-five Cents a Bottle. Give Woodbury's Facial Soap one trial and you will use no other. It is absolutely pura

Druggists sell it and use ft.

"Mr. Gladstone is immensely missed," she said yet we have found no one who can begin to take hiplace."

Miss Slack is as much interested in the caus of woman's suffrage as in the cause of temperare. At present women can vote in England under certain restrictions in the elections of the local certain restrictions in the elections of he local certain the right to cast a ballot for members of Farnan the right to cast a ballot for members of Farnan the right to cast a ballot for members of Farnan the right to complain, too," said Miss Slack, "election distinctions that are made ascalust us in the local elections. Men may vote in these whether the occupy property which they own or not, but women must occupy their property in order to earn the right to vote. The unjustness of this provision is apparent when I say that I am a poor law guardian, and have been for years, but I am not allowed to vote in an election for the very office to which I am eligible."

In addition to her lecture engagements, Miss Slack will speak from a large number of pulpits. She will probably not return to England before December.